Supplementary Material

Mice that express farnesylated versions of prelamin A in neurons develop achalasia

by

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Supplemental Figure 1. H&E–stained sections of the cerebral cortex (A), cerebellum (B), and hippocampus (C) of wild-type (Lmna+/+) and LmnaHG-C/+ mice at 6 weeks, 3 months, and 5 months of age. Images were recorded with a 10× objective.
Supplemental Figure 2. H&E–stained sections of the cerebral cortex (A), cerebellum (B), and hippocampus (C) of a wild-type (WT) and Zmpste24−/−Lmna<sup>PLAO-C/PLAO-C</sup> mouse at 12 months of age.